BURSOR & FISHER, P.A. 1 L. Timothy Fisher (State Bar No. 191626) Blair E. Reed (State Bar No. 316791) 2 1990 North California Blvd.. Suite 940 Walnut Creek, CA 94596 Telephone: (925) 300-4455 Facsimile: (925) 407-2700 3 4 E-mail: ltfisher@bursor.com breed@bursor.com 5 Interim Lead Class Counsel 6 AHDOOT & WOLFSON, PC REICH RADCLIFFE & HOOVER 7 Tina Wolfson, (State Bar No. 174806) LLP Bradley K. King, (State Bar No. 274399) Marc G. Reich (State Bar No. 159936) 8 10728 Lindbrook Drive Adam T. Hoover (State Bar No. 243226) Los Angeles, CA 90024 9 4675 MacArthur Court, Suite 550 Telephone: (310) 474-9111 Newport Beach, CA 92660 Facsimile: (310) 474-8585 10 Telephone: (949) 975-0512 E-mail: twolfson@ahdootwolfson.com Facsimile: (949) 975-0514 11 bking@ahdootwolfson.com E-mail: mgr@reichradcliffe.com adhoover@reichradcliffe.com 12 13 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 14 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 15 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 16 Lead Case No. LA CV19-00993 JAK 17 In Re: Smashburger IP Holder, LLC, et al. (JEMx) 18 **ALL CASES** 19 **SECOND AMENDED** CONSOLIDATED CLASS 20 **ACTION COMPLAINT** 21 22 **JURY TRIAL DEMANDED** 23 24 Hon. John A. Kronstadt 25 26 27 28

SECOND AMENDED CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT LEAD CASE NO. LA CV19-00993 JAK (JEMX)

and other purchasers of Triple

Plaintiffs Andre Galvan, Lucinda Lopez, Barbara Trevino, Thu Thuy Nguyen, Robert Meyer, and Jamelia Harris (collectively, "Plaintiffs"), by their undersigned attorneys, bring this class action complaint against Smashburger IP Holder LLC, and Smashburger Franchising LLC (collectively, "Smashburger" or "Defendants"). Plaintiffs' allegations are based upon personal knowledge as to their own acts and upon information and belief as to all other matters.

NATURE OF ACTION

- 1. This is a class action lawsuit on behalf of purchasers of Smashburger's Triple Double, Bacon Triple Double, and Pub Triple Double burgers (collectively, the "Triple Double Burgers").
- 2. Smashburger promotes its Triple Double Burgers as containing "Double the Beef." However, contrary to this statement, Triple Double Burgers actually include two patties that are each half the size of the patties of Smashburger's regular-sized Classic SmashTM burgers. Therefore, Triple Double Burgers contain the same amount of beef as Smashburger's regular-sized Classic SmashTM burgers, not "double" the beef.
- 3. Smashburger's false and misleading use of its "Double the Beef" taglines (such as "Triple the Cheese, Double the Beef in Every Bite," "Triple the Cheese, Double the Beef, Triple the Options," and "Classic SmashTM Beef Build with triple the cheese & double beef in every bite") are thus likely to confuse and mislead the consuming public by causing consumers to believe incorrectly that Smashburger's products sold under these slogans include twice the beef of Smashburger's regular-sized Classic SmashTM burgers, which they do not.
- 4. Plaintiffs saw, read, and relied on Defendants' false and misleading representations that Smashburger's Triple Double Burgers contained twice the beef, when in fact they did not. Plaintiffs bring this class action on behalf of themselves and other purchasers of Triple Double Burgers and assert claims against Defendants

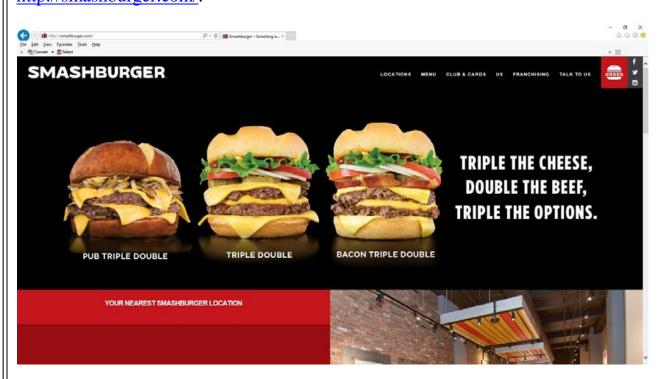
for violations of the California's Consumers Legal Remedies Act ("CLRA"), California's False Advertising Law ("FAL"), California's Unfair Competition Law ("UCL"), and New York's General Business Law ("GBL"), as well as for fraud, breach of express warranty, and unjust enrichment.

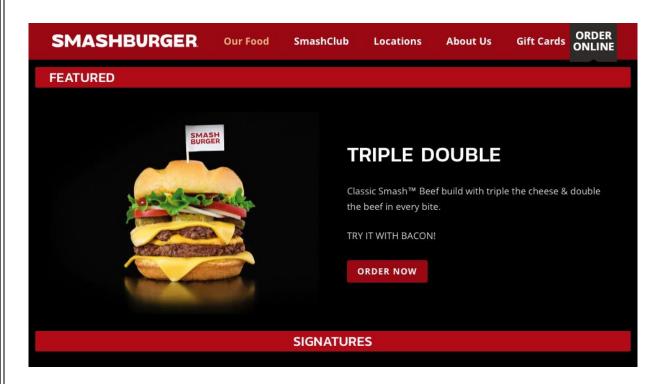
FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 5. Smashburger is a worldwide fast-casual hamburger restaurant chain with more than 370 corporate and franchise-owned restaurants in 37 states and 9 countries. The chain offers unique burgers in each city where its restaurants are located, but serves its Triple Double Burgers, which purportedly include "triple the cheese & double the beef in every bite" at all locations.¹
- 6. All Triple Double Burgers include three slices of cheese and two beef patties.
- 7. In a press release dated July 11, 2017 concerning the addition of Triple Double Burgers to Smashburger's national menu, Smashburger quoted its Co-Founder and Chief Executive Tom Ryan as stating that the Triple Double Burger contains "'[d]ouble the juicy, caramelized beef," that it "provide[s] three times the cheese and double the beef in every bite," and that it is "Smashburger's beefiest [...] burger to date." A true and correct copy of Smashburger's July, 11, 2017 press release is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.
- 8. Smashburger has used its "Double the Beef" tagline in multiple variations to advertise and sell its Triple Double Burgers, including "Triple the Cheese, Double the Beef in Every Bite," "Triple the Cheese, Double the Beef, Triple the Options," and "Classic Smash Beef Build with triple the cheese & double beef in every bite." Smashburger has used such taglines in, *inter alia*, menus and displays at its restaurants.

¹ See https://smashburger.com/menu/ (last visited February 8, 2019).

9. Smashburger has advertised Triple Double Burgers on the homepage of its website as "Triple the Cheese, Double the Beef, Triple the Options." *See* http://smashburger.com/.





- 10. Smashburger has advertised Triple Double Burgers through its social media accounts as containing "Double the Beef."
- 11. Smashburger also used its "Double the Beef" tagline in television advertisements for its Triple Double Burger, stating that the Triple Double Burger contains "Double the Beef in Every Bite" and has "2x Fresh Never-Frozen Beef." *See* https://vimeo.com/224690849.
- 12. In one such television advertisement, an actor says that the Triple Double Burger is the "meatiest thing I've ever eaten," while another holds up a Triple Double burger and says, "this is a lot of meat."
- 13. While Smashburger has advertised Triple Double Burgers as containing "Double the Beef," Triple Double Burgers actually consist of two patties that together contain the same amount of beef as the single patty in Smashburger's regular-sized burgers, such as Smashburger's Classic SmashTM.
- 14. Smashburger's "Double the Beef" taglines are likely to influence, and actually did influence, the purchasing decisions of consumers.



15. Smashburger's "Double the Beef' taglines actually deceived and had the tendency to deceive a substantial segment of Smashburger's customers into thinking that Triple Double Burgers contain twice the amount of beef as Smashburger's regular-sized burgers.

16. Smashburger knew or should have known that its "Double the Beef" taglines were false and misleading, yet it adopted and continued to use those taglines.

THE PARTIES

- 17. Defendants **Smashburger IP Holder LLC** and **Smashburger Franchising LLC** are both Delaware limited liability companies, each having a principal place of business at 3900 East Mexico Avenue, Suite 1200, Denver, Colorado 80210. Defendants operate and franchise a chain of fast casual restaurants specializing in hamburger and cheeseburger sandwiches and other products and services.
- 18. Plaintiff **Andre Galvan** resides in Agoura Hills, California. Mr. Galvan purchased approximately 10 Triple Double Burgers in California over the last two years. Before purchasing Triple Double Burgers, Mr. Galvan saw, read, and relied on the representation made on Smashburger's menu and advertising materials that the burger in fact contained "Double the Beef" as Smashburger's regular Classic SmashTM burger. Mr. Galvan would not have purchased Triple Double Burgers had he known they did not contain "double" the beef compared to Smashburger's regular Classic SmashTM burger.
- 19. Plaintiff **Lucinda Lopez** resides in Agoura Hills, California. Ms. Lopez purchased approximately 15 to 20 Triple Double Burgers in California over the last two years. Before purchasing Triple Double Burgers, Ms. Lopez saw, read, and relied on the representation made on Smashburger's menu and advertising materials that the burger in fact contained "Double the Beef" as Smashburger's regular Classic SmashTM burger. Ms. Lopez would not have purchased Triple Double Burgers had

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she known they did not contain "double" the beef compared to Smashburger's regular Classic SmashTM burger.

- 20. Plaintiff **Barbara Trevino** resides in Glendale, California. Ms. Trevino purchased one or more Triple Double Burgers in California. Before purchasing Triple Double Burgers, Ms. Trevino saw, read, and relied on the representation made on Smashburger's menu and advertising materials that the burger in fact contained "Double the Beef" as Smashburger's regular Classic SmashTM burger. Ms. Trevino would not have purchased Triple Double Burgers had she known they did not contain "double" the beef compared to Smashburger's regular Classic SmashTM burger.
- Plaintiff Thu Thuy Nguyen resides in San Clemente, California. Ms. 21. Nguyen purchased approximately 6 Triple Double Burgers in California over the last two years. Before purchasing Triple Double Burgers, Ms. Nguyen saw, read, and relied on the representation made on Smashburger's menu and advertising materials that the burger in fact contained "Double the Beef" as Smashburger's regular Classic SmashTM burger. Ms. Nguyen would not have purchased Triple Double Burgers had she known they did not contain "double" the beef compared to Smashburger's regular Classic SmashTM burger.
- Plaintiff Robert Meyer resides in Hartsdale, New York. Mr. Meyer purchased approximately 25 Triple Double Burgers in New York over the last two years. Before purchasing Triple Double Burgers, Mr. Meyer saw, read, and relied on the representation made on Smashburger's menu and advertising materials that the burger in fact contained "Double the Beef" as Smashburger's regular Classic SmashTM burger. Mr. Meyer would not have purchased Triple Double Burgers had he known they did not contain "double" the beef compared to Smashburger's regular Classic SmashTM burger.

23. Plaintiff **Jamelia Harris** resides in Culver City, California. Ms. Harris purchased one or more Triple Double Burgers in California. Before purchasing Triple Double Burgers, Ms. Harris saw, read, and relied on the representation made on Smashburger's menu and advertising materials that the burger in fact contained "Double the Beef" as Smashburger's regular Classic SmashTM burger. Ms. Harris would not have purchased Triple Double Burgers had she known they did not contain "double" the beef compared to Smashburger's regular Classic SmashTM burger.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 24. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2)(A). There are more than 100 Class Members, and the aggregate claims of all members of the proposed Class exceed \$5,000,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs. At least one Class Member is a citizen of a state different than at least one defendant.
- 25. This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- 26. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Smashburger IP Holder LLC, and Smashburger Franchising LLC because each conducts substantial business within California and operates restaurants throughout the Central District of California, including Orange County.
- 27. Venue is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because Defendants transact significant business within this District and because Plaintiffs Galvan, Lopez, Nguyen, Trevino, and Harris purchased Smashburger's Triple Double Burgers in this District.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

28. Plaintiffs seek to represent a class defined as all persons in the United States who purchased Smashburger's Triple Double Burgers at any time from

- February 8, 2015 to the present (the "National Class"). Excluded from the Class are governmental entities, Defendants, Defendants' affiliates, parents, subsidiaries, employees, officers, directors, and co-conspirators, and anyone who purchased Smashburger's Triple Double Burgers for resale. Also excluded is any judicial officer presiding over this matter and the members of their immediate families and judicial staff.
- 29. Plaintiffs Galvan, Lopez, Nguyen, Trevino, and Harris also seek to represent a subclass defined as all members of the Class who purchased Smashburger's Triple Double Burgers within the state of California (the "California Subclass") at any time from February 8, 2015 to the present.
- 30. Plaintiff Meyer also seeks to represent a subclass defined as all members of the Class who purchased Smashburger's Triple Double Burgers within the state of New York (the "New York Subclass") at any time from February 8, 2015 to the present.
- 31. Members of the Class and the Subclasses are so numerous that their individual joinder herein is impracticable. The precise number of Class Members and their identities are unknown to Plaintiffs at this time but will be determined through discovery of Defendants' records. Class Members may be notified of the pendency of this action by mail, email, and/or publication.
- 32. This suit seeks damages and equitable relief for recovery of economic injury on behalf of the Class and Subclasses. Plaintiffs reserve the right to modify or expand the definition of the Class and Subclasses to seek recovery on behalf of additional persons as warranted as facts are learned in further investigation and discovery.
- 33. Common questions of law and fact exist as to all Class Members and predominate over questions affecting only individual Class Members. These common legal and factual questions include, but are not limited to:

delay and expense to all parties and multiplies the burden on the judicial system

litigation also presents a potential for inconsistent or contradictory judgments. In

presented by the complex legal and factual issues of this case. Individualized

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contrast, the class action device presents far fewer management difficulties and provides the benefits of single adjudication, economy of scale, and comprehensive supervision by a single court on the issue of a defendant's liability. Class treatment of the liability issues will ensure that all claims and claimants are before this Court for consistent adjudication of the liability issues.

COUNT I

Breach of Express Warranty

- 37. Plaintiffs repeat the allegations contained in the paragraphs above as if fully set forth herein.
- 38. Plaintiffs bring this Count individually and on behalf of the members of the Class and Subclasses.
- 39. In connection with the sale of Triple Double Burgers, Defendants expressly warranted that Triple Double Burgers contained "Double the Beef."
- 40. Defendants' affirmations of fact and promises made to Plaintiffs and the Class and Subclasses on Defendants' menus and other advertising and marketing materials became part of the basis of the bargain between Defendants on the one hand, and Plaintiffs and the Class and Subclass Members on the other, thereby creating express warranties that Triple Double Burgers would conform to Defendants' affirmations of fact, representations, promises, and descriptions.
- 41. Defendants breached their express warranties because Triple Double Burgers do not in fact contain "double" the beef. In short, Triple Double Burgers do not contain the quantity expressly warranted.
- 42. Plaintiffs and the Class and Subclass Members were injured as a direct and proximate result of Defendants' breach because: (a) they would not have purchased Triple Double Burgers if they had known the true facts; (b) they paid for Triple Double Burgers due to the mislabeling; and (c) Triple Double Burgers did not

have the quantity or value as promised. As a result, Plaintiffs and the Class and Subclasses have been damaged.

COUNT II

Violations of California's Consumers Legal Remedies Act ("CLRA"), California Civil Code § 1750, et seq.

- 43. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and re-allege each and every allegation set forth above as though fully set forth herein.
- 44. Plaintiffs bring this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the proposed Class and California Subclass against Defendants.
- 45. Civil Code § 1770(a)(5) prohibits "[r]epresenting that goods or services have sponsorship, approval, characteristics, ingredients, uses, benefits, or quantities which they do not have or that a person has a sponsorship, approval, status, affiliation, or connection which he or she does not have." Civil Code § 1770(a)(7) prohibits "[r]epresenting that goods or services are of a particular standard, quality, or grade, or that goods are of a particular style or model, if they are of another." Civil Code § 1770(a)(9) prohibits "[a]dvertising goods or services with intent not to sell them as advertised." Civil Code § 1770(a)(16) prohibits "[r]epresenting that the subject of a transaction has been supplied in accordance with a previous representation when it has not."
- 46. Defendants violated Civil Code § 1770(a)(5), (a)(7), (a)(9), and (a)(16) by making false, and misleading statements by holding out Smashburger's Triple Double Burgers as containing "Double the Beef," when in fact they did not. Specifically, Defendants controlled statements on the packaging and the marketing of Smashburger's Triple Double burgers as well as disseminated these statements in media advertisements and in Smashburger restaurants.
- 47. Plaintiffs and the members of the Class and California Subclass have suffered harm as a result of these violations of the CLRA because they have incurred

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charges and/or paid monies for Smashburger's Triple Double Burgers that they otherwise would not have incurred or paid.

48. Prior to the filing of this Complaint, CLRA notice letters were sent to Defendants that comply in all respects with California Civil Code §1782(a). Plaintiffs' counsel sent Defendants the letters via certified mail, return receipt requested, advising Defendants that they are in violation of the CLRA and demanding that they cease and desist from such violations and make full restitution by refunding the monies received therefrom.

COUNT III

Violations of California's Unfair Competition Law ("UCL") Business & Professions Code § 17200, et seq.

- 49. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and re-allege each and every allegation set forth above as though fully set forth herein.
- 50. Plaintiffs bring this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the proposed Class and California Subclass.
- Defendants violated the unlawful prong of the UCL by violating Civil 51. Code § 1770(a)(5), Business & Professions Code § 17500, and the Federal Trade Commission Act ("FTCA") which prohibits "unfair or deceptive acts or practices in or affecting commerce" and false advertisements under 15 U.S.C. § 45(a)(1) and 15 U.S.C. § 52(a), as described above.
- Defendants' misrepresentations and other conduct, described herein, 52. violated the "unfair" prong of the UCL in that Defendants' conduct is substantially injurious to consumers and offends public policy.
- Defendants' acts and practices described above also violate the UCL's 53. proscription against engaging in fraudulent conduct.
- 54. Plaintiffs and the members of the Class and California Subclass have suffered harm as a result of the violations of the UCL because they have incurred

charges and/or paid monies for Triple Double Burgers they otherwise would not have incurred or paid.

COUNT IV

Violation of California's False Advertising Law Business & Professions Code § 17500, et seq.

- 55. Plaintiffs repeat the allegations contained in the paragraphs above as if fully set forth herein.
- 56. Plaintiffs bring this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the proposed Class against Defendants and on behalf of the California Subclass against Defendants.
- 57. California's FAL (Bus. & Prof. Code §§17500, et seq.) makes it "unlawful for any person to make or disseminate or cause to be made or disseminated before the public in this state, . . . in any advertising device . . . or in any other manner or means whatever, including over the Internet, any statement, concerning . . . personal property or services, professional or otherwise, or performance or disposition thereof, which is untrue or misleading and which is known, or which by the exercise of reasonable care should be known, to be untrue or misleading."
- 58. Throughout the Class Period, Defendants committed acts of false advertising, as defined by the FAL, by using false and misleading statements to promote the sale of Triple Double Burgers, as described above, and including, but not limited to, representing that Triple Double Burgers contain "Double the Beef."
- 59. Defendants knew or should have known, through the exercise of reasonable care, that their statements were untrue and misleading.
- 60. Defendants' actions in violation of the FAL were false and misleading such that the general public is and was likely to be deceived.

- 61. As a direct and proximate result of these acts, consumers have been and are being harmed. Plaintiffs and members of the Class and the California Subclass have suffered injury and actual out-of-pocket losses as a result of Defendant's FAL violation because: (a) Plaintiffs and the Class and the California Subclass would not have purchased Triple Double Burgers if they had known the true facts regarding the quantity of beef; (b) Plaintiffs and the Class and the California Subclass paid an increased price due to the misrepresentations about Triple Double Burgers; and (c) Triple Double Burgers did not have the promised quantity or value.
- 62. Plaintiffs bring this action pursuant to Bus. & Prof. Code § 17535 for injunctive relief to enjoin the practices described herein and to require Defendants to issue corrective disclosures to consumers. Plaintiffs and the Class and the California Subclass are therefore entitled to: (a) an order requiring Defendants to cease the acts of unfair competition alleged herein; (b) full restitution of all monies paid to Defendants as a result of their deceptive practices; (c) interest at the highest rate allowable by law; and (d) the payment of Plaintiffs' attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to, *inter alia*, California Code of Civil Procedure §1021.5.

COUNT V

Fraud

- 63. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and re-allege herein all paragraphs alleged above.
- 64. Plaintiffs bring this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the proposed Class and Subclasses against Defendants.
- 65. As discussed above, Defendants provided Plaintiffs and Class and Subclass members with false or misleading material information and failed to disclose material facts about Triple Double Burgers, including but not limited to the fact that Triple Double Burgers do not contain "double" the beef.

- 66. The misrepresentations and omissions made by Defendants, upon which Plaintiffs and Class and Subclass members reasonably and justifiably relied, were intended to induce and actually induced Plaintiffs and Class and Subclass members to purchase Triple Double Burgers.
- 67. The fraudulent actions of Defendants caused damage to Plaintiffs and Class and Subclass members, who are entitled to damages and other legal and equitable relief as a result.

COUNT VI

Unjust Enrichment

- 68. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and re-allege herein all paragraphs alleged above.
- 69. Plaintiffs bring this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the proposed Class and Subclasses against Defendants.
- 70. Plaintiffs and Class and Subclass members conferred benefits on Defendants by purchasing the Triple Double Burgers.
- 71. Defendants have been unjustly enriched in retaining the revenues derived from Plaintiffs and Class and Subclass members' purchases of Triple Double Burgers. Retention of those moneys under these circumstances is unjust and inequitable because Defendants misrepresented that Triple Double Burgers contained "Double the Beef." These misrepresentations caused injuries to Plaintiffs and Class and Subclass members because they would not have purchased Triple Double Burgers if the true facts were known.
- 72. Because Defendants' retention of the non-gratuitous benefits conferred on them by Plaintiffs and Class and Subclass members is unjust and inequitable, Defendants must pay restitution to Plaintiffs and Class and Subclass members for its unjust enrichment, as ordered by the Court.

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COUNT VII

Violation Of New York's General Business Law § 349

- 73. Plaintiff Robert Meyer hereby incorporates by reference the allegations contained in all preceding paragraphs of this complaint.
- 74. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and on behalf of the proposed New York Subclass against Defendants.
- 75. New York's General Business Law § 349 prohibits deceptive acts or practices in the conduct of any business, trade, or commerce.
- 76. In its sale of goods throughout the State of New York, Defendants conduct business and trade within the meaning and intendment of New York's General Business Law § 349.
- 77. Plaintiff and members of the New York Subclass are consumers who purchased products from Defendants for their personal use.
- 78. By the acts and conduct alleged herein, Defendants have engaged in deceptive, unfair, and misleading acts and practices, which include, without limitation, misrepresenting material information about Triple Double Burgers, including but not limited to the fact that Triple Double Burgers do not contain "double" the beef.
 - 79. The foregoing deceptive acts and practices were directed at consumers.
- 80. The foregoing deceptive acts and practices are misleading in a material way because they fundamentally misrepresent the characteristics and quantity of beef in Triple Double Burgers to induce consumers to purchase same.
- 81. By reason of this conduct, Defendants engaged in deceptive conduct in violation of New York's General Business Law.
- 82. Defendants' actions are the direct, foreseeable, and proximate cause of the damages that Plaintiff and members of the New York Subclass have sustained from having paid for and consumed Defendants' products.

- 83. As a result of Defendants' violations, Plaintiff and members of the New York Subclass have suffered damages because: (a) they would not have purchased Triple Double Burgers on the same terms if they knew that the products did not contain "double the beef"; (b) they paid a price premium for Triple Double Burgers due to Defendants' promises that Triple Double Burgers contained "double the beef"; and (c) Triple Double Burgers do not have the characteristics, ingredients, uses, benefits, or quantities as promised.
- 84. On behalf of himself and other members of the New York Subclass, Plaintiff seeks to recover his actual damages or fifty dollars, whichever is greater, three times actual damages, and reasonable attorneys' fees.

COUNT VIII

Violation Of New York's General Business Law § 350

- 85. Plaintiff Robert Meyer hereby incorporates by reference the allegations contained in all preceding paragraphs of this complaint.
- 86. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and on behalf of the proposed New York Subclass against Defendant.
- 87. New York's General Business Law § 350 prohibits false advertising in the conduct of any business, trade, or commerce.
- 88. Pursuant to said statute, false advertising is defined as "advertising, including labeling, of a commodity ... if such advertising is misleading in a material respect."
- 89. Based on the foregoing, Defendants have engaged in consumer-oriented conduct that is deceptive or misleading in a material way which constitutes false advertising in violation of Section 350 of New York's General Business Law.
- 90. Defendants' false, misleading, and deceptive statements and representations of fact were and are directed to consumers.

- 91. Defendants' false, misleading, and deceptive statements and representations of fact were and are likely to mislead a reasonable consumer acting reasonably under the circumstances.
- 92. Defendants' false, misleading, and deceptive statements and representations of fact have resulted in consumer injury or harm to the public interest.
- 93. As a result of Defendants' false, misleading, and deceptive statements and representations of fact, Plaintiff and the New York Subclass have suffered and continue to suffer economic injury.
- 94. As a result of Defendants' violations, Plaintiff and members of the New York Subclass have suffered damages due to said violation because: (a) they would not have purchased Triple Double Burgers on the same terms if they knew that the products did not contain "double the beef"; (b) they paid a price premium for Triple Double Burgers due to Defendants' promises that Triple Double Burgers contained "double the beef"; and (c) Triple Double Burgers do not have the characteristics, ingredients, uses, benefits, or quantities as promised.
- 95. On behalf of himself and other members of the New York Subclass, Plaintiff seeks to recover his actual damages or five hundred dollars, whichever is greater, three times actual damages, and reasonable attorneys' fees.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, seek judgment against Defendants, as follows:

 a. For an order certifying the nationwide Class and the Subclasses under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and naming Plaintiffs Galvan, Lopez, Nguyen, Trevino, and Harris as representatives of the Class and California Subclass, naming Plaintiff Meyer as representative

1		of the Class and	New York Subclass, and Plaintiffs' attorneys as Class	
2		Counsel to repre	esent the members of the Class and Subclasses;	
3	b.	For an order dec	laring the Defendants' conduct violates the statutes	
4		referenced herei	n;	
5	c.	For an order finding in favor of Plaintiffs, the nationwide Class, and the		
6		Subclasses on al	l counts asserted herein;	
7	d.	For compensatory, statutory, and punitive damages in amounts to be		
8		determined by th	ne Court and/or jury;	
9	e.	For prejudgment interest on all amounts awarded;		
10	f.	For an order of r	restitution and all other forms of equitable monetary	
11		relief;		
12	g.	For an order requiring Defendants to undertake a corrective advertising		
13		campaign;		
14	h.	For injunctive relief as pleaded or as the Court may deem proper;		
15	i.	For an order awarding Plaintiffs and the Class and Subclasses their		
16		reasonable attorn	neys' fees and expenses and costs of suit; and	
17	j.	Granting such other and further relief as may be just and proper.		
18	DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY			
19	Plaintiffs demand a trial by jury of all issues so triable.			
20	Dated: Aug	gust 22, 2019	BURSOR & FISHER, P.A.	
21				
22			By: <u>/s/ Blair E. Reed</u>	
23			L Timothy Fisher (State Bar No. 191626)	
24			Blair E. Reed (State Bar No.316791) 1990 North California Blvd., Suite 940	
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REICH RADCLIFFE & HOOVER LLP 1 Marc G. Reich (State Bar No. 159936) Adam T. Hoover (State Bar No. 243226) 2 4675 MacArthur Court, Suite 550 3 Newport Beach, CA 92660 Telephone: (949) 975-0512 4 Facsimile: (949) 975-0514 E-mail: mgr@reichradcliffe.com 5 adhoover@reichradcliffe.com 6 Attorneys for Plaintiffs Galvan, Lopez, Nguyen and Meyer 7 AHDOOT & WOLFSON, PC 8 Tina Wolfson, (State Bar No. 174806) 9 Bradley K. King, (State Bar No. 274399) 10728 Lindbrook Drive 10 Los Angeles, CA 90024 Telephone: (310) 474-9111 11 Facsimile: (310) 474-8585 12 E-mail: twolfson@ahdootwolfson.com bking@ahdootwolfson.com 13 Attorneys for Plaintiffs Trevino and Harris 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

CLRA Venue Declaration Pursuant to California Civil Code Section 1780(d)

- I, Blair E. Reed, declare as follows:
- 1. I am an attorney at law licensed to practice in the State of California and a member of the bar of this Court. I am an Associate at Bursor & Fisher, P.A., counsel of record for Plaintiffs in this action. Plaintiffs Andre Galvan and Lucinda Lopez reside in Agoura Hills, California. Plaintiff Thu Thuy Nguyen resides in San Clemente, California, Plaintiff Barbara Trevino resides in Glendale, California, and Plaintiff Jamelia Harris resides in Culver City, California. I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth in this declaration and, if called as a witness, I could and would competently testify thereto under oath.
- 2. The Complaint filed in this action is filed in the proper place for trial under Civil Code Section 1780(d) in that a substantial portion of the events alleged in the Complaint occurred in the Central District of California.

I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California and the United States that the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed at Walnut Creek, California this 22nd day of August, 2019.

/s/ Blair E. Reed
Blair E. Reed

Smashburger Launches "Triple Double" Burger

NEWS PROVIDED BY Smashburger → Jul 11, 2017, 09:00 ET

DENVER, July 11, 2017 /PRNewswire/ -- It's the stuff burger dreams are made of ... two layers of juicy beef, three layers of melted cheese, wrapped up in an artisan bun. Smashburger is making dreams come true, adding the all-new Triple Double to its national menu on July 11, 2017.



SMASHBURGER LAUNCHES "TRIPLE DOUBLE" BURGER It's the stuff burger dreams are made of ... two layers of juicy beef, three layers of melted cheese, wrapped up in an artisan bun. Smashburger is making dreams come true, adding the all-new Triple Double to its national menu on July 11, 2017.

The Triple Double will feature two of Smashburger's famous fresh never frozen beef patties, two slices of American cheese and one slice of aged cheddar, delivering maximum burger happiness in every bite. It's Smashburger's beefiest, cheesiest burger to date and will quickly become a favorite for burger lovers everywhere.

"We're giving people more of what they love. Double the juicy, caramelized beef, made-to-order and seared to perfection. And triple the cheesy goodness," said Smashburger Co-Founder & Chief Executive Officer, Tom Ryan. "This will be Smashburger's new iconic menu item, providing three times the cheese and double the beef in every bite."

The Triple Double starts with fresh, never frozen, beef. Smashed and seared on a hot, buttered griddle, locking in the flavor and juices. The highest quality cheeses are added and topped with toasted artisan buns. As with any Smashburger, you can add your favorite fresh produce, toppings and high-quality condiments. And it pairs perfectly with their incredible sides and hand-spun shakes.

The TriplesDauble will be saval label dall bull une and 45 Smiles thou local lage as July 51, 2017, or the first on Smashburger, please visit www.smashburger.com or check us out on Facebook, Twitter, or Instagram.

About Smashburger

Smashburger is a leading fast casual better burger restaurant known for its fresh never frozen, beef burgers that are smashed on the grill to sear in the juices and seal in the flavor. In addition to burgers, Smashburger offers grilled or crispy chicken sandwiches, black bean burgers, fresh salads, signature side items such as Haystack onions and Veggie Frites, and hand-spun Haagen-Dazs® shakes. On each market menu, Smashburger offers locally inspired items like the regional burger, as well as regional sides and local craft beer. Smashburger began in 2007 with the vision of Rick Schaden and funding by Consumer Capital Partners—the private equity firm that Rick and his father Richard own. There are currently more than 370 corporate and franchise restaurants operating in 38 states and nine countries. To learn more, visit www.smashburger.com.

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